TRADE IN THE CITY.

Activity in Many Branches Improved State of the Market—Prices—Reduction Looked for in the Tax on Man afactured Goods—The Present and the Future. Trade in the various fines of business in this city may at the present moment be called active. In many branches it surpasses that of last Spring, or, in-

deed, of any time in 1867. Very much of t'As, howdeed, of any time in 1867. Very much of the how-ever, is forced. Speculators in hardware, textile fabrics and grocers's are, so to speak, "Learing" the market in the laterests of manufacturers of home and importers of foreign made goods. The consegeence of such injudicious work is extreme caution the movements of Western d'alers, who are at present the best customers our perchants have.

While sorte speak confidently of the immediate future as well as of the present, others are despondent persuaded that until the class of the Presidential election or the adjournment of Congress nothing positive can be said or done. Of course these look through political spectacles; ard although their own ledger and cash accounts may tell there a different story, they cannot accept it as truth outside of their own immediate custom. They are simply "well established," "exceedingly fortunate," or, these failing, some other excuse s offered to account for their presperity. We exrienced an instance of this kind yesterday. While conversing with a gentleman on the prospects of the wholesale grocery business, in which he has been engaged many years, he assured us with most solemn visage and dolorous voice that trade never was in so depressed a condition. "It is," he constended, "quite action as it was in 1857, and, perhaps, if we live till the close of the year, we will find that many of our new considered soundest nouses, like those which struggled through the disastrous year of dear, on whose storm lasted shores so many merantile establishments stranded and perished, will be compelied to close their degrees. Str., there never was so disastrous a year. We cannot calculate on the rext movement Congress may make, and men are not so anwise as to a tempt to cross a bridge that may at any moment break from under their feet and precipitate them into the gulf of debt. Within the week eighty houses in this city have failed and for \$40,000,000. Others are on the brink of ruin, and once these commence tumbling where will the end be? I tell you, sir, we are all on a margin so narrow that one faise stop may send us head first to he bottom." tioned, "quite action as it was in 1857, and, perhaps,

hard first to the bottom."

We locked at the spers, or and were for a time inclined to believe, so ne roomsly and carnestly did he speak, that we were really standing at the mouth of a commercial voicino bury the credit and we ashes of credit and the speech of the contence, without bottom why do you not close discharge your clerk s, put down your shutters and go into the country? we asked.

"Oh, I have been a ther fortunate this season," he was speaking of trate generally, not of my own particularly."

Another wholes

ticularly."

Another wholese he grocer assured us that business
was excellent—no ich beiter than he had believed it

Another wholese be grocer assured us that business was excellent—no cho better than he had believed it would be.

We give the shove as an indication, simply, of of the extreme of accident, which prevails among all excelling, governed by temperament, accident, which prevails among all accident, which be accident, which prevails among all accident, which be accident, which are in a safety with the tax of an accident, which are in a second to the accident accident with the taxes superadded, are accident as each of the tax of arrival and accident with the taxes superadded, are accident with the taxes superad

cent. These goods are at present greatly affected by South is dealers, and, in fact, are in request, much more is than formerly, at the North. Previous to Isso mand at the South; indeed, for the superior qualities the trade usually looked beyond the Potomac for costomers. All this is charge it, and in their place neatings are substituted. Saies it its season of carpet goods on interior account have to be in favorable, and bayers select with confidence. The West has been doing so well during the past in free of four seasons, pathenismly in the grain growing States, which have charged largely into the raising of sneep and cattle, that it is now considered pecunicarily stronger than any other section; and consequently, from it a large and growing trade is expected. Those given to prophesymp have not in the carpet line been disappointed. The trade has been, we repeat, exceedingly heavy. How long it will continue active for general as well as local dismand the June.

June.

Eight or ten days ago a large business was done in

June.

Eight or ten days ago a large business wirs done in dry goods. It is now exceedingly active, tan somewant ilmstve. There has been a rapid in rease in prices, brought about by specialtors and a gents of Lannifacturers, who have presumed upon a favorable market, and the consequence is that will be there are many seekers country merchants are a rand to buy largely. They do not like to be, tect inically speaking, "stuck"—their shelves filled will goods market, and the edge of the study and the superior country away consumers. Beyond thirty days noticing as guaranteed in the dry goods market, particularly in musiums, sheetings, shritings and the superior conditions to be about as sensitive to the touch as good has done to be about as sensitive to the touch as good has done to be about as sensitive to the touch as good has done to be about as sensitive to the touch as good has done to be about as sensitive to the touch as good has done to be about as sensitive to the touch as good, in this connection it should be stated that at the West manufactured goods can how, less the cosh of transportation, be obtained at as low figures as in this city. In this interior of this state Balmorals at digoods of like quality are largely made, and will coldapare favorably with similar articles from abrossi, while cassimeres and doeskins equal to those knowing as of the "Harris" manufacture, are turned out of the claim, the continuities of goods. The shaws made in the woolen works of that state are exceedingly beaution in design and fine in quanty. They are sought for with aviding, and on the Atlantic scaboard are not unfrequently soid as imported. In dealing, therefore, with western men manufacturers at the East and merchants here should not forget the broad fact that in a few years, growing their ewn wool, the people of the commonwealth of the first the broad fact that in a few years, growing their ewn wool, the people of the dominon-wealths beyond the great takes may take the market even in cotton to themselves.

Although a

even in cotton to themselves.

Although a slight decrease was experienced in coul at the monthly auction sales a rew days since the trade is prosperous. No reaction is thought of the trade is prosperous. No reaction is thought of the demand throughout the coming season will be quite up to the supply, and as the mines are in good order and the worsingmen satisfied, a trade yielding a fair profit is not unreasonably expected.

In the drug line a large business, particularly for Western account, has been transacted. The people of the South are too poor to induspe in medical preparations just now, and the wholesale dealers are looking to the Western States for custom. Formerly "the South" was the "sick man." But he swallowed, ad nouseum, so many pills between 1802 and 1862 that he is cured for the present.

In the wooden or "hollow" ware, the crockers, the statumers, the wire, brass and copper street, the silver plated ware, the saddery, gas flatures, varnish and Japan, white lead, lead pipe, snot, painters' materials, ginss (domestic and imported), brinsh, leather, flour, india rubber, gutta percha, cork and very many other lines of trade a fair business is being transacted. The leather trade, among the most important in the city, has been depressed for months, many qualities of skins having been sold without a margin; but as the demand is becoming more permanent, and as speculation is not ruling the market to any extent, a neather and more active husiness is looked for.

With ordinary management, speculation discountenanced, New York need never be without a profit safe gade. Every railroad of other avenue of commerce that is opened, no matter how remote it may be from within, not from without. High rents are friving gradia, by but surely men of comparatively small capital of the foundary men are driving gradia. By but surely men of comparatively small capital of the foundary with a full flag rents are first in gradial to the foundary of trade a flag and profit and their command a capital of the fauntering scapita

man'afacturers and consumers the prices they shall pay and receive. The failures now experienced are m'An'y axiong the smaller dealers—small compared yith the heaver houses, which even now tower high in the mercantile world, overshadowing and controlling all things. Concentration seems to be an inevitable law in trade, as in politics; and, seems the end from the beginning, what firm of a half tollion will dare a few years hence to compete either in buying or in selling with those whose annual transactions will give grand totals of tens of millions?

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SUNDAY, April &, 1868, The past week witnessed an aggravation of the monetary stringency which has been the leading feature of affairs in Wall street for neurly a month, and in many instances seven per cen's in coin and quarter per cent commission were paid for loans on call from day to day; while the difference between the cash and buyer three price of railway shares varied from an eighth to three-eig'aths per cent. An eighth per cent a day was paid for "turning" government securities in not a few cases, and a quarter per cent for other stocks until Monday, this being the time to which the great me jority of borrowers have "bridged over." Hence, notwithstanding the partial abatement of the pressure which was experienced yesterday and which carised loans to be made before three o'clock at seven per cent in currency, there is likely to be a sharp demand for money from the Stock Exchange to-morrow and during the remainder of the week. Meanwhile, however, the supply of loanable funds will be likely to increase gradually through the return flow of currency from the interior, the out-ward drain to which has been somewhat heavier than usual at this season. Another cause besides "settling day" and the preparations for the quarterly returns of the banks for the unusual stringency we have latterly had to record is to be found in the active real estate speculation now going forward, which in the aggregate absorbs a very large amount of capital, and will probably continue to de so on an increasing scale for a considerable length of time to come. How far this will interfere with speculation in Wall street remains to be seen, but it is reasonable to suppose that it will diminish the number of buyers of speculative stocks and induce sales by those who have hitherto held them for investment. The Sub-Treasury bought seven-thirty notes and sold gold to a moderate extent; and as its purchases of the former, on the whole, exceeded its sales of the latter, these operations had some little influence in mitigating the severity of the money pressure and sustaining the market for governments; but its currency balance was too small to enable it to extend any substantial relief to borrowers on stocks. The banks as well as the private bankers did all they could to accommodate the last mentioned, the high rates offered being a great temptation to money lend-

The statement of the associated banks of this city for the week ending yesterday shows a further decrease of \$5,568,282 in net deposits and \$3,090,356 in loans and discounts; but the loss in reserve is smaller than was generally expected, the legal tender notes having een reduced \$413,372 and the specie \$226,068, while the circulation has increased \$36,300. The liabilities of these institutions in deposits and circulation aggregate \$215,183,954, upon which the legal reserve of twenty-five per cent would be \$53,795,988, whereas they actually hold \$68,807,005 in specie and legal tender notes, or \$15,011,017 in excess of the legal limit. It must, however, be remembered that the active or available reserve is very small in comparison with these figures, which include compound interest notes and three per cent certificates, besides coin. There were \$25,585,000 of the certificates outstanding on the 1st of March, and although they are not specifically redeemable in greenbacks, but in "lawful money," which the Treasury construes to include national bank notes, the national banks are allowed by the authorizing act to hold them as a portion of their legal reserve, provided that at least two-fifths of their reserve are in "lawful money of the United States"-namely, in legal tender notes and specie. If we were to deduct the certificates, compound interest notes and specie from the reserve the actual amount of greenbacks held would appear surprisingly small for the transaction of the business of the banks of this city, and it becomes a serious question whether specie should be allowed to constitute a portion of the legal reserve, in view of the fact that there is not a bank in New York that would not elect to suspend payment rather than pay out its specie at par. An amendment to the National Currency act forbidding specie to form a portion of the legal reserve until after the resumption of specie payments by the Treasury would have a salutary effect. The

ers to strain a point. It was impossible, as may be

supposed, to obtain discounts or sell commercial

some embarrassment to the mercantile community

and contributed largely to the dulness of trade.

totals of the bank statements for weeks are as subjoined:—	each of the last two
March 28 S207, 378, 22 Specie 17, 323, 36 Circu ation 34, 190, 8 Deposits 186, 525, 1 Legal tenders 52, 123,07	47 \$254,287,891 7 17,097,299 8 34,227,108 180,956,848

The gold market was dull and depressed by the prevailing stringency, and on Thursday and Friday as much as 7-32 per cent per diem was paid for carrying coin, but the relaxation after extreme pressure usually experienced of Saturday caused little more than the ordinary rates to be current yesterday. The extreme range of the week was from 139% to 137%, with the closing transactions at 138%, this price being bid. The demand for customs duties at the port aggregated \$2,561,928 and the exports of specie and bullion were limited to \$1,281,052. The 'short" interest has been largely increased by sales of borrowed gold made for cash by the brokers' carrying stocks, and the fact of the amendatory Tax bill baving become a law is calculated to strengthen the undertone of the market, as its operation will without doubt involve a large reduction in the future receipts from internal revenue. The daily range

1	during the week is thus show		
٩		Tighest.	Lowes
1	Monday	139%	1867
1	Tuesday	13834	138
1	Wednesday	13836	133
1	Thursday	13834	187
ı	Friday	138 %	137
ı	Saturday	13814	138

Government securities were dull and rather heavy in the early part of the week, owing to the difficulty of obtaining loans, but, considering the severity of the stringency, they showed remarkable firmness, and after Thursday the tendency of prices was strongly upward, the low quotations current baving brought in buyers for investment as well as on speculative account, the latter bidding one per cent above the market on options of thirty days in their favor. On Saturday prices responded & a % per cent to the "let up" in money, and the market closed strong. As these securities are the cheapest in Wall street. rallway shares being very high in comparison, they will undoubtedly experience a steady reaction from the recent depression under a more abundant supply of money. They will be the first to feel the effect of the return flow of currency from the interior, and as quotations are new about three per cent below those current at the beginning of the year, allowing for the accrued in-Arrest, it follows that there is so much margin for a rise at least. The conversions of seven-thirty notes at the Sub-Treasury for the week ending on Friday are thus reported:-

buil eliques with remarkable firmness in the face of the pressure for money, and to accomplish this the mignost rates known to Wall street, except, perhaps, in money panics, were paid for loans. But this, instead of showing strength, revealed weakness. The diques knew that if they allowed the market to decline at all a panic would have been the result, and hence & became a matter of life or death with them to support it. It was never in a more critical condition, and it was never more resolutely upheld by artificial influences under adverse circumstances. It is none the less in danger of breaking down now, however, than it was then. The Vanderbitt-Erie war has to a great extent demoralized it and driven the outside public away. The buil cliques find themselves salided with an enormous load, and there are no buyers beyond some of the brokers and a few other professional speculators. Hence the cliques are ferced to do a good deal of "washing" in order to give the market an appearance of healthy delivity. Many of those !

who have "bridged over" to to-morrow or Tuesday will be selers, and the cliques must buy what they sell or the tide will turn against and overwhelm them. Public conf.dence in railway property has been shaken by the litigation to Eric and Rock island, and wil tout outside buyers the cliques will never be able, to accomplish their ultimate design of never se and to accomplish their ultimate design of unloading upon the street, although they may succeed in advancing prices temporaril. On Saturday after on there was a sharp rise in Rock Island, and a further decline in Pacific Mail to 94%. Eric continues to engress a mention, but the street is afraid to touc it, except to a limited extent for quick turns. a limited extent for quick turns, and the prospect of the passage of the Erie bill now pending in the Senate at Albany justifies this Umidity. At the close at six o'clock last evening the quotations were as subjoined:—New York Ccotts, 1234 h 1234; Eric, 74% a 74%; Reading, 90% a 90%; Mtohigan Southern, 89% a 90; Cleveland and Pivisburg, 91%; Rock Island, 96% a 96%; do. preferred, 75% a 76; Pucific Mail, 95% a 95%; Western Union Telegraph, 37% a 37%; Fort Wayne, 190 V.

The Hudson River Ral Iway Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent, free, of tax, payable on the 15th of the present month.

Annexed is a comparative statement showing the

shipments of specy; from this port last week and during the year to date, together with those for the corresponding periods in 1866 and 1867:-

Total..... \$5,576,148 \$7,014,259 \$16,029,951 The exports to the corresponding period in the previous four teen years compare as follows:—

ports at. New York for the week ending April 3, compared with those of the two preceding weeks, as also the wilue of the dry goods entered at this port and thrown on the market for the corresponding period in 1866, and 1867: -

Total for the week . \$7,576,117 \$5,297,178 \$5,701,225 The imports of dry goods for the week and since January 1 compare as follows:-

For the Week. 1866, 1967, 1888, Entered at port....\$2,918,981 \$1,714,385 \$2,967,307 Thrown on market. 2,413,603 1,604,621 2,414,506 Since January 1. Entered at port... 48,303,942 31,943,068 23,055,783 Thrown on market. 44,224,074 35,402,988 24,579,445

SATURDAY, April 4-6 P. M. COFFRE.—For Rio there was an improved demand at rices were very firm. Good cargoes were quoted at 11%c.

e do non to medium extra and choice Western d hoop Ohio, shipping branes..... d hoop Ohio, trade brands.... and hoop Ohio, trade brands
Louis low extra.
Louis straight extra.
Louis choice double extra.
Louis choice family.....

\$2.15 a \$2.20.
FREIGHTS.—The market was rather quiet, but rates were generally firm. The engagements were:—To Liverpool, 15,000 bushels wheat at 5d; 1,500 bales cotton at 5-16 a ½d., and ner steamer 2.500 bales cotton at 4d. a ½d., heuding a small per seamer and 15,000 bashes crain at 5d. a 5d., including a smail to at 3d, and 15,000 bushels crain at 6d. To Marselles (from Philadelphia), 200 bbls, petroleum on private terms.

-t.UNNY RAUS.—Saise to the extent of 2,000 balos, part in Boston, were made on terms kept private. We quote 17c, a 1840.

GUNY CLOTH was quiet but steady at 21c.

HAY was in moderate request and steady at 80c. a 90c. for thipping, at 05 a \$1 55 for retail lots, 80c. for long rye straw, and obe, for short do.

HOPS were without activity, but steady in value. We quote:—1867 crop, 25c. a 60c.; 1866 do., 10c. a 35c., and Bayanos.

Hove were without activity, but steady in value. We quote i-1867 crop, 25c. a 60c.; 1366 do., 10c. a 55c., and Bavarian, 30c. a 46c.

HEMP.—We heard of no important sales of any description Manila was steady at 19-yc, gold and jute, at \$105 a \$140 do. Mollasses.—The major, gold and jute, at \$105 a \$140 do. of most kinds is light. Sales 20 bloks. Cuba Muscovatio at 6c. a 51c.

NAVAL STORES.—The transactions in spirits turpentine were again light, but prices were quite steady, the market closing at 6c. Sales 20 bbls, to arrive, at 6c; 10 do. on private terms, and 50 do. (New Yord) has at 6c; 10 do. on private terms, and 50 do. (New Yord) and a considerable and a considerable at 250 bbls, common to strained anot to review at 230 a 32 55; No. 2 was held at \$350 a \$375; No. 1 a \$257 a \$475; pale \$5 a 56, and extra do. \$258 a \$750. Of tar we beard of no sales. We quote Withington at \$350. Ottas - Sales were made in New Bedford of 500 bbls, crude whate at 76c. Other kinds sah of were steady at our last quotations. Linseed was unchanged at \$120 a \$1235 in casks and bols.

O'1.5.—Sales were made in New Bestfort of 600 bbls. crude whate at 70c. Other kinds sha but were steady at our last quotations. Linseed was unchanged at \$2.20 a \$1235 in casks and bols.

Provisions,—Receipts 1.635 bbls. pork, 117 do. beef, 25 packages cut meats and 125 do. lard. There was a moderate degree of animation in the market for pork to-day, and prices were a shade better, new mess closing at \$25 for regular, and 26, soller May, and buyer April. The sales comprised 1.7 do bbls. at 25 50 a \$21 55 for new mess, \$24 25 a \$24 57 \times for prime mess, including 750 bbls. new mess for May at 25, soller for prime mess, including 750 bbls. new mess for May at 25, sollers of 1.000 head. Beef was dull, but firmly held at 323, sollers of 1.000 head. Beef was dull, but firmly held at 323 a 525 for prime mess, including 750 bbls. new mess for May at 25, sollers option. Live hogs were dull at 2c. a 95 c., with a close of 1.000 head. Beef was dull, but firmly held at 323 a 535 for prime bils. There beef was quiet at 45 a 25 cut meats, though the sales were low bbls. at 355 a 258 cut meats, though the sales were low bbls. at 355 a 258 cut meats, though the sales were low bbls. at 355 for smoked and 19c. a 20c. for baged. The sales were 18 pack a 25c. for smoked 15 c. a 16c. for changed mess were 185 pack ages. Recon was to improved demand and very frem. Sales 15 cc. for short rib. Long clear was quoted at 16 c. a 16 c. and clum file. a 16 c. and clum fil 80 a 22 90. Auther was in moderate demand, the sales being 25,000 lbs., at 15 c. a 15 c. Low was moderately active and steady; sales 65,000 TALLOW was moderately active and steady; sales 65,000 lbs., at 12 a.e. 12 a.e. 22 a.e. Wilsensy. Receipts, 30 bbls. The market was inactive and prices were nominal.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

The market for domestic cotton goods has ruled buoyant, under an active demand, all through the week, and prices for nearly all kinds of cotton fab rics have materially advanced. The movement has been stimulated by the extraordinary activity, excitement and advance in cotton here and in Liverpool, and the improvement in prices is a direct consequence of the enhancement of the cost of production. The business has been large, all the leading jobbers having had a larger twade than at aimost any previous corresponding time. Many of them had to turn away custom for want of assortments, and the advantages of those who laid in a jarge and good assortment for the way did not have been apparent to all. But jobbers have drawn upon the manufacturers' agents constagrably, and the active prosecution of trade has been of great benefit to all departments of the dry goods becomes. The enhanced cost of production has, of caurse, caused a corresponding advance in the prices of account of the prices, so that stocks in jobber's largier prices; so that even in the event of a reaction in both cotton and goods prices, it would seem, citement and advance in cotton here and in Liver In both cotton and goods prices, it would seem could scarcely go moch lower than they are at the prison it writing, and all semionable goods are now hugher than they were # week ago and configure # week ago and we were # we were # we were # we we were # we were

stantly appreciating under the stimulus of an active begant cotton market. Almost every published cactation for cotton on the other side received during the past two or three days has be an higher tran its predecessor, and private telegrams have tavariably quoted still higher, so that the cotton market has been kept in a perfect ferment ne arrly all the week. The goods market has closely sympathized with cotton, and prices have steadly favored the seller, and the market closed buoyant and strong for nearly all descriptions.

Woolea goods continued to be fairly sought after, and, as a general thing, bring full paces.

Foreign labrics sell pretty freely, and, on the whole, at satisfactory prices.

We annex the current quetations for some of the

we annex the current quelations for some of the

We annex the current quetations for some of the principal fabrics:—
BLEACHED MUSLINS.—New York Mills, 4-4, 30c.; Wamsutta, 4-4, 25c. a 26c.; Amoskeag A, 4-4, 19c.; Lonsdale, 4-4, 20c. a 21c.; White Rock, 4-4, 20c. a 21c.; Suscarora, 4-4, 224c.; Bay Mills, 4-4, 21c.
BROWN MUSLINS.—Amoskeag A, 4-4, 18½c. a 19c.; Agawam, 4-4, 16-6, a 15-½c.; Stark A, 4-4, 18-½c.; Laconia, 4-4, 16-½c. a 17c.
PRINTS.—Amoskeag, 13c.; Amoskeag (mourning), 12-½c.; Merrimac D, 14c.; Merrimac W, 15-½c.; Sprague's (fancies), 14-½c.; Dunnell's, 14c. a 14-½c.; Wamsutta, 13-½c.; Lancaster, 13c.; Pacific, 14c. a 15-½c.

Vamsatta, 15½C.; Lancaster, 5½C.
DRILLS.—Standards, Amoskeag, Atlantic, &c., 17c.
17½C.; others, 14½C. a 16½C.
STRIPES.—Amoskeag, 24½C. a 25½C.; York, 23½C.
224C.; American, 14c. a 15c.; Eagle, 12½C. a 13½C.;
Jersey City, 14c. a 15c.
DENIMS.—Amoskeag, 32C.; York, 30c.; Union, 18c.;
Empire State, 20c.; Mount Vernon, 20c.; Providence, 13c.

Tickings,—Amoskeag, 21c, a 38c.; Everett, 30c. a 32½c.; York, 27½c.; Mount Vernon, 14½c.; Boston, 23%c.; 10rk, 27%c.; Mount Vernon, 14%c.; Boston, 26c.
GLAZED CAMBRICS.—Amoskeag, 10c. a 10%c.; Verona, 10%c.; Washington, 10%c.
PAPER CAMBRICS.—Slater's, 13c.; Lonsdale, 12%c.
SILESIAS.—Victory, Union and others, 14c. a 17c.
COISET JANS.—Amoskeag, 14%c.; Peppereil, 16c.;
Naumkeag, 14%c.; Newmarket, 15%c.
COTTON CHECKS.—Park Mills, 25c.; Union Mills, 22%c. a 27%c.; Catedonia, 22%c. a 25c.
CANTON FLANNELS.—Amoskeag, brown, 25c.;
Naumkeag, brown, 16%c.; do, bleached, 20c.; Slatersville, brown and bleached, 15%c. a 16%c.
DELAMBS.—Pacific, 18c. a 20c.; Sprague's 17c.;
Lowell, 18c.

DELAINES.—Pacific, 18c. a 20c.; Sprague's 17c.; Lowell, 18c.

SPOOL COTTON.—Coates', \$1; Brooks', 95c.; Clark's, 95c.; Wyoming and Glasgow, 50c.

PRINTING CLOTH.—44 by 48, 7½c. a 8c.; 48 by 52, 8c. a 8½c.; 52 by 50, 8½c. a 8½c.; 56 by 56, 8½c. a 8½c.; 62 by 64, 9½c. a 9½c.; 64 by 64, 9½c. a 10c.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

ARREST OF A BROADWAY DIAMOND DEALER-AL-EGED LARCENY OF JEWELS.—Late on Saturday afternoon Mr. George F. Nesbitt, doing business at No. 165 Pearl street, appeared before Justice Dowling, at the Tombs, and preferred a complaint against Borden W. Plumb, a dealer in diamonds at No. 512 Broadway. In his amdayit Mr. Nesbitt charges that at different times, running along from January to February, 1866, both inclusive, he loaned to Plumb sums of money amounting in the aggregate to \$10,850, and took from him as secarity for the repayment of the money a quantity of diamonds set in earrings, brooches, fingerrings, bracelets, &c. On the 2d day of March, 1866, Plumb cailed upon Mr. Nesbitt at his place of business and said he desired to repay the money he had borrowed from him (Nesbitt), at the same time requesting permission to see the diamonds. Mr. Nesbitt accordingly took the jeweis from his saie in which they had been deposited, and placed them on a table before Plumb, immediately after which, it is alleged, the latter began to examine and wrap them up, then, placing the package of diamonds under his arm and laying down a large package of money, Plumb remarked "that's all right, I'll bring you the balance directly," and left the office almost on a run, taking the diamonds with him. After Plumb had gone Mr. Nesbitt examined the package and found it to contain only \$5,000 out of the full amount of \$10,850. The complainant further says that he has not received the diamonds back, and that the accused took the property from his possession and control without his consent, and therefore changes him with the larceny of the same. On the affidavit of the complainant the magistrate issued a warrant for Plumb's apprehension and placed it in the hands of Captain Jourdan, of the Sixth precinct, for service. Yesterday morning Mr. Plumb was waited upon at his residence, No. 67 West Eleventh street, by Captain Jourdan, and invited to take a walk to the Tombs. The diamond dealer entered an indignant protest to the proceeding, alleging that it was illegal to arrest him on the Sabbath, but finding protests futile he accompanied the captain to court, where the complain was read to him. In the absence of counsel the accused declin rombs, and preferred a complaint against Borden W. Plumb, a dealer in diamonds at No. 512 Broadway.

quent exhibition is given of the reckless audacity of our dock and river thieves, but very rarely is shown that degree of recklessness illustrated in the case of two boys brought yesterday before Justice Kelly, at the Yorkville Police District Court. The boys, Keily, at the Yorkville Police District Court. The boys, who gave their names as William Burgess and Charles Clements, are cas's only sixteen years old, very well dressed, intelligent and well mannered boys, whom none would suspect capable of orline. Several nights since, in their rovings along the East river docks in search of booty, they took a fancy to a yawl belonging to the schooner Mary T. Hudson, lying at the foot of Forty-second street, and not satisfied with taking this, thought they would add to the value of their plunder by taking with them the hawser by which the schooner was fastened to the wharf. They had severed the hawser and were hauling it into the small boat when Captain Buell, of the schooner, who was sleeping on board, woke up, and seeing what they were about told them to desist and bring back the yawl and hawser or he would shoot them. This theat of shortforting are woke up, and seeing what they were about told them to desist and bring back the yawl and hawser or he would shoot them. This threat of shooting did not intimidate them, and so the captain blazed away at them with the contents of a two barrelied shot gun loaded with buckshot. Not caring for a repetition of the dose the boys pulled vigorousity at their oars to get out of the reach of the captain's double shooter. The captain jumped into a small boat and pursued them; but it was four oars against two, and the boys, making for Hunter's Point reached the land first, when they abandoned their booty and made good their escape. Captain Buell made known the facts to the police, and officer Mahoney succeeded yesterday in arresting them. The captain proved to be a good shot. The boy Burgess received several buckshots in the head and body, and his companion had one of his hands badly shattered. After their escape they made their way to Dr. L. P. Dermber, No. 7 Jackson street, and had their wounds dressed. Both were fully committed in default of bail.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.-It is charged gainst Edward Donohue and John Hawkins that on the night of the 4th inst. they attacked George Douglass, of No. 224 West Nineteenth street, in the public street, nearly opposite his own house, and robbed him of the sum of \$25. The allegation sets forth that on the night in question, while Mr. Douglass was going home, he was followed by two men, and when nearly opposite his own house they came upon him from behind and, striking him a heavy blow on the head, felied him to the ground, and then rified his pockets of the contents. This eccurred about twelve o'clock. As soon as Mr. Douglass could arise he followed in the direction the men had taken, crying out "Watch!" The prisoners were arrested only a short time afterward, and not far from the scene of the alleged robbery, by an officer of the Twentieth precinct. They were yesterday brought before Justice Dodge at the Jefferson Market Police Court. They assert their innocence, but the magistrate committed them to answer in default of \$5,000 each. Douglass, of No. 224 West Nineteenth street, in the

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

Married.

Dougherty—Jeffers.—On Thursday, April 2, at the residence of the bride, 112 mans street, by the Rev. R. C. Quenneil, William J. Dougherty to Kate A. Jeffers, daughter of George Jeffers, Esq., all of this city. No cards.

Sultzer—Holdgate.—On Wednesday, March 22, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev.—Gessner, William B. Sultzer to Lizzie Holdgate, both of West Farms, Westchester county.

Werb—Knevitt.—On Friday, April 3, at Passaic, N. J., by the Rev. M. B. Smith, John M. Wess, of this city, to Amelia A., youngest daughter of the late Lieutemant Thomas L. Knevitt, R. N. No cards.

ANDERSON.—On Sunday, April 5, after a lingering lliness, Mrs. Mary Ann Anderson, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late resi-

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 31 Cannon street, on Tuesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

BATH.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 4, at Elizabethport, N. J., ELIZABETH B., wife of William Bath, in the 64th year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

BRENNAN.—On Friday, April 3, John Brennan, acred 32 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Brennan.—On Friday, April 3, John Brennan, aged 32 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, Patrick Brennan, 174 Hester street, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice. No carriages allowed.

Clark.—At Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 5, Herbaban, widow of John Clark, aged 81 years.

Funeral on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock from the residence of her son-in-law, D. P. Barnard, 108 President street.

Collins.—On Sunday, April 5, at two o'clock, Catherine, dangkter of Jeremiah and Catherine Collins and niece of Timothy and Cornelius Collins, Mailow.

The friends and relatives of the family are residence, No. 441 Nirth street.

Cork (treland) papers please copy.

Bealing.—On Friday, April 3, Charity, wife of William Dealing, aged 'p years, 11 months and Indays.

The relatives and friends of the family are respect-

days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respect fully invited to attend the funeral, from ner late resi-clance, 246 Wooster street, this (Monday) morning, as ten o'clock.

DACKER. -On Sunday, April 5, Lizzie, only daugh-

ter of Henry S. and Helen A. Decker, aged 10 yea.

4 months, and 17 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her grandfather, Nicholas Kline, at 257 West Fourteenth street, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

One o'clock.

DEMAREST.—On Sunday, April 6, EMILY H., daughter of I. O. and Mary Demarest, aged 9 years and

months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 65: Greenwich street.

DONALDSON.—On Saturday, April 4, JOHN DONALDSON, in the 55th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Bay street, Stapieton, Staten Island, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

FIELD.—At Nice, France, on Tuesday, March 17, CATHARINE ANN, wife of Hickson W. Field, of New York.

GAGER.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 4, Agnes.

FIELD.—At Nice, France, on Thesday, March 17, CATHARINE ANN, wife of Hickson W. Fleid, of New York.

GAGER.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 4, AONES E. GAGER, onlydaughter of I. B. Gager, aged 18.

The funeral will take place from her residence, No. 40 Sands street, Brooklyn, this (Monday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

GREEN.—On Saturday, April 4, Mrs. SARAH B., wife of Richard S. Green, in the 70th year of her age. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday morning at ten o'clock, from her late residence, No. 207 East Eighteenth street.

HOLMES.—On Thursday, April 2, WM. M. HOLMES, of Nottinghant, England, the father of Mr. Wm. Holmes, No. 334 Second avenue, aged 90 years.

HARPER.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 4, Richard W. Harper, Chinter, in the 48th year of his age. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 39 Glymer street, Brooklyn, E. D., this (Monday) afteraoon, at two o'clock.

HARRINGTON.—On Saturday, April 4, DANIEL J. HARRINGTON.—On Saturday, April 4, DANIEL J. HARRINGTON.—On Saturday, April 4, DANIEL J. HARRINGTON, aged 28 years and 3 months.

The relatives and friends of the family and those of his brothers, John, Patrick and Dennis, and his brothers-in-law, Lake Grehey and John Sheehan, and the journeymen batchers are respectfully invited to the funeral, from the residence of his sister, No. 343 East Twenty-fourth street, this (Monday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, without further notice.

Cork papers please copy.

LATIN.—On Friday, April 3, Mrs. MARY LATTIN, widow of Jacob Lattin, in the 70th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 1,389 Broadway, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

derice, 1,339 Broadway, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

LOCKETT.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, April 4, JOSEPH LOCKETT, Sr., aged 69 years and 6 months. The relative and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 169 Carlton avenue, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

LIVINGSTON.—On Sunday, April 5, SARAH, widow of William Livingston, aged 67 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 169 West Twenty-third street, on Wednesday morning, at eleven o'clock. Remains will be taken to Greenwood.

Molinard.—At Baltimore, Md., on Thursday, April 2, in the 76th year of her age, LAURA GENET, relict of Julien Molinard.

Albany papers please copy.

MORRELL.—On Saturday, April 4, Mrs. RUTH MORRELL, aged 76 years, 3 months and 19 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Moses R. Lounsbury, Sixth street, near Grand, Williamsburg, on Tuesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

MURPHY.—On Saturday, April 4, JOHN MURPHY, a native of Cork, Ireland, aged 83 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 143 Greenwich street, to Calvary Cemetery, this (Monday) morning, at ten o'clock.

Pennsylvania papers please copy.

MCOSKER.—On saturday, April 4, JOHN MCOSKER, a native of the parish of Maghea, county Derry, Ireland, aged 55 years.

land, aged 55 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectively invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 329 Columbia street, South Brooklyn. His remains will be removed for interment from St. Peter's church, corner Hicks and Warren streets, this (Mondardt

mains will be removed for interment from St. Peter's church, corner Hicks and Warren streets, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

McMastern.—On Sunday, April 5, at 352 West Thirty-second street, Mary McMaster, and niece of David and Mary McMaster, in the 32d year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at her late residence, 352 West Thirty-second street, on Tuesday afternoon, at four o'clock. Funeral on Wednesday.

NICKILS.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 5, of consumption, Miss Antoinette Nickles.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her brother-in-law, David B. Dearborn, 179 Fort Green place, on Tuesday afternoon, at four o'clock. Her remains will be taken to Gardiner, Me., for interment.

O'Brien,—On Saturday, April 4, Ross O'Brien, relited of Lawrence O'Brien, a native of the parish of Tobinstown, county Meath. Ireland, aged 70 years.

The friends and acquaintances, and those of her son. Fhomas O'Brien, and her son-in-law, Edward Campbell, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from her late residence of Mott street, this (Monay) afternoon, at two o'clock.

O'Gready.—On Sunday, April 5, Mary O'Gready, a native of Boome, county Limerick, Ireland, aged 2 years and 1 month.

The friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 346 East Twelfth street.

RING.—At Norwalk, Conn., on Sunday, April 5,

Street.
RING.—At Norwalk, Conn., on Sunday, April 5,
ZEBEDEE RING, Esq., of New York, in the 88th year
of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
RAYMOND.—On Friday, April 3, James H., RAY-

Notice of funeral hereafter.
RAYMOND.—On Friday, April 3, James H., RAYMOND, aged 49 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, corner of Wythe avenue and Rodney street, Brooklyn, E. D., this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock.
ROGERS.—On Friday morning, April 3, MARIA ROGERS, widow of Thomas Rogers, in the 65th year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) morning, at ten o'clock, from her late residence, 238 East Broadway. ROEDELL.—On Sunday, April 5, of diptheria, KATY L., eldest daughter of Frank and Rosey Roedell, and granddaughter of William Hoey, deceased, of Brooklyn, aged 2 years and 11 months.
Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.
BMITH.—At Jamaica, L. I., on Saturday, April 4, MAY, widow of the late Charles Smith, in the 78th of her age.

SMITH.—At Jamaica, L. I., on Saturday, April 4. May, widow of the late Charles Smith, in the 78th of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Presbytervan church, Jamaica, L. I., on Tuesday morning, at half-past ten o'clock, without further notice.

STAPER.—At Jamaica, L. I., on Saturday, April 4. STAPERE L. Stader, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, at Jamaica, L. I., on Tuesday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

Vandervoort.—On Friday, April 3, Peter Vandervoort, in the 62d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, No. 552 West Fifty-first street.

Van Kirk.—At Hoboken, N. J., on Saturday, April 4, Joseph, son of J. A. and Rachel A. Van Kirk, aged 5 years, 2 months and 11 days.

Trenton and New Brunswick (N. J.) papers please notice.

notice.

WATERMAN.—On Friday, April 3, at Hudson City,
N. J., ANNA C., wife of Charles B. Waterman, aged
26 years and 18 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited
to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Pairsade avenue, this (Monday) morning, at eleven
o'clock.

sade avenue, this (Monday) morning, at eleven o'clock.

Newark papers please copy.

WESLEY.—In this city, on Priday, April 3, ELLA J.

WESLEY, daughter of E. B. and Elizabeth Wesley, in the 20th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at St. Mark's church, corner of Second awenue and Tenth street, this (Monday) morning, at half-past nine o'clock. Her remains will be taken by the half-past eleven A. M. New Haven train to Rye, Westchester county, for interment.

WOODRUFF.—On Sunday morning, April 5, at her residence in this city, Harriett Burner, wife of Hon. L. B. Woodrouf and daughter of the late Chief Justice Hornlower, of New Jersey.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A MEDICAL WONDER-HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM.

A Rheumatism, neuralita and gout, in their worst stages; scroftin, king's evit, eryspetas, old uteers, and the worst cases of diseases of the blood, great debility, liver complaint, kinneys, saitrhenm, ac., &c., are most certainly cured by this sovereign puriner.

HYAIT'S LIFE BALSAM cured Mr. Joseph McLaughtin of mercurial scroftin after R had destroyed a part of the nose and eaten holes entirely through the roof of the mouth. He was then 1887 residing in Philipsburg, N. J. The physician had abandoned the case and his friends thought him to a tying state, when his brother advised him to try the Life Balsam, one bottle of which enabled him to leave his bed and come to this city. In one month he was entirely cured, inquire at 13 Fifth street.

HATT'S LIFE BALSAM perfectly cured Mr. William Springer, 188 Broome street, of inflammatory rhoumatism of so severe a character that he became deranged. He could not litt his hand to his head, and was confined to he bed during three months. during three months.

The Life Balsam has been tested by the public during three months.

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New Your, March S1, 1868. DEAR MR. HOFF :-

Please send one doren of your Malt Extract, with bill. It is for my son, who is something of a consumptive. Your Mait Extract has rendered excellent service to one of friends in his trouble of the stomach.

Mrs. BERNHARD, 613 Sixth street, New York. HOFF'S Depot, 542 Broadway.

A NOTHER GREAT CURE OF CONSUMPTION BY DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINESS.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK'S MEDICINESS.

To you my gratitude for the cure which your valuable medicines wiz., the PULMONIC SYR P. SEA-WEED TONIO.

And MANDRAKE PILLS'—ha e effected in my wife oase.

From the beginning of the year lost my wife had a most discressing cough for four years, during which time she had been under the care of two physicians. However, in November, 1855, she grew worse, and was confined to ber bed, and the physicians gave up all hopes of her ever getting well, as every medicine used afforded no case. At that time I was assured by her physician that she was in the last stage of Consumption, and beyond the reach of ucuical skill, and, therefore, could not live much longer. His last advice was for her to go South, which she intended to out but I am happy to say, before she could get reacy for the voyage, I had the good for the could get reacy for the voyage, I had the good for the could get reacy for the voyage, I had the good for the could be an explorated the promise on your part to cure her. So, by the faithful use of your valuable medicines and say that she is n w perfectly well. I attribute it all to your valuable medicines, and I loe you to accept my sincere thanks.

My only anxiety now is to make her experience knewn to

to your valuable medicines, and I beg you to accept my sincere thanks.

My only anxiety now is to make her experience known to others, so that the virtue of your medicines may be more fully known. I give you full privilege to publish this. Most resp. citiully,

Chief Steward of steamship Saratoga,

Patients can consuit Dr. SUILENCK professionally at his rooms, 32 Bond street, New Jork, every Ti ESDAY, from 9 A. M. to to 3 P. M. All aivice free of charge; but for a thorough examination of the Lungs with bis Respiremeter, 55. Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sawweed Tonic, each \$1 50 per bottle, or 37 50 the haif dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists everywhere. A full apply can always be obtained at his rooms, \$3 Bond street, New York.

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RENTICRY STATE EXTRA-CLASS 261, APRIL 4, 1868.

50, 42, 67, 56, 26, 25, 51, 66, 58, 47, 16, 58, 28.

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BEAUTIFUL GILT GRANT CAMPAIGN BADGES D which for neatness and cheapness cannot be excelled. Agents make from 15 to \$35 per day; profits 300 per cent. Send 25 cents for samples and circular to BLOOD & CO., 325 Wharton arrect, Planticiphia, Pa.

CORNS, BUNIONS, ENLARGED JOINTS AND ALL diseases of the feet cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, 760 Broad-HISH AND PROVISIONS.

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will find our stock unequalled in quality, variety and cheapness GEORGE C. PARKER & BRO., 257 Washington street, corner of Murray

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DR. DE JONGH'S GENUINE OIL, shipped to the United States by his sole consignees, Harrord & Co., of London, is now sealed with a new trade mark capsule (Betts, maker, London), colore opaque, white top, stamped with a blue fish on a red shield, and the label tears the additional signature of the sole accredited agents for the United States and Canada.

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Venders and others are hereby notified that the drawings of the Shelly College Lottery (France, Smith & Co., managers and the Keincher (Leinbure, McKrien & Co., managers) will be received, and after Monday, April 6, in New york and published in the Meev York Heraid. For circulars in the above lotteries address France, Smith & Co., Covington, Ky. KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERIES

DECKHAM'S HAIR BAZAARS, GREAT DEPOTS FOR sale of Human Hair Goods. Beautiful Hraids #6; elegant Chipnons #5. Call and see. 251 Grant street, new rows, New York, and corner Fourth and South Ninth, Williamsbur, 1988. THE RELIGIOUS PRESS EXPATIATING ON THE

merius of HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER. Elbert S. Porter, editor; Charles Van Wyck, publisher. Issue dated New York, February 27, 1868.

What a blessing it may prove to the readers of the "Aerial Tale," the Lost Image. The moral and physical manifness, which is lost through popular vices, can easily be found by the use of this Panacea, taken in connection with Rose

J. G. Craighead and H. M. Field, editors. March 5, 1868. Observing an editorial in the Intelligencer of above date, it.

Wash.

says:-Take no more balsam, mercury, or unpleasant medicines for unpleasant and dangerous diseases, the results of vice grown weak through excess, &c. THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURALIST.

Orange Judd & Co., Proprietors. See April number.

They having seen my advertisement, are fully acquainted with its uses and merits. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

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THE EVANGELIST and THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURALIST. The editorials in the above papers were entirely unsoilcited by me, in fact, I have no personal acquaintan with any of their publishers, and sufferers will do well tocall on them before purchasing, in order to obtain fuller

Information. H. T. HELMBOLD, 594 Broadway. Druggists upwards of eighteen years, and manufacturers

of Heimbold's Genuine Preparation A LADY WILL GIVE INSTRUCTION ON THE PLANO and Singing at pupils' residences for \$10 per quarter; best references given. Address, with residence, Teacher, box 113 Herald Office.

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opers and concert is at liberty to accept an engagement church in a first class choir. Address W. A. Pond, 547 DIPPORGAN FOR CHURCH OR PARLOR; 4 STOPS,

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